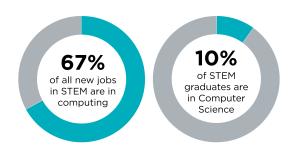
Support K-12 Computer Science Education in North Carolina

Computer science drives job growth and innovation throughout our economy and society. Computing occupations are the **number 1 source of all new wages in the U.S.** and make up over half of all projected new jobs in STEM fields, making Computer Science one of the most in-demand college degrees. And computing is used all around us and in virtually every field. It's foundational knowledge that all students need. But computer science is marginalized throughout education. Only 45% of U.S. high schools teach any computer science courses and only 10% of STEM graduates study it. We need to improve access for all students, including groups who have traditionally been underrepresented.



93% of parents want their child's school to teach computer science, but only 45% of high schools teach it.

75% of Americans believe computer science is cool in a way it wasn't 10 years ago.

67% of parents and 56% of teachers believe students should be required to learn computer science.

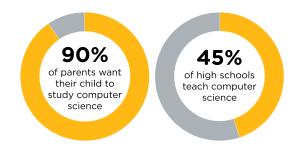
50% of Americans rank computer science as one of the two most important subjects of study after reading and writing.

Students who learn computer science in high school are 6 times more likely to major in it, and women are 10 times more likely.

Computer science in North Carolina

- North Carolina currently has **30,245 open computing jobs** (5.1 times the average demand rate in North Carolina).
- The average salary for a computing occupation in NC is **\$92,273**, which is significantly higher than the average salary in the state (\$47,200). The existing open jobs alone represent a **\$2,790,790,568 opportunity** in terms of annual salaries.
- North Carolina had only 1,561 computer science graduates in 2017; only 20% were female.
- In North Carolina, only 45% of all public high schools teach computer science.
- Only **4,525** exams were taken in AP Computer Science by high school students in North Carolina in 2019 (1,387 took AP CS A and 3,138 took AP CSP).
- Only 28% were female (23% for AP CS A and 30% for AP CSP); only 459 exams were taken by Hispanic or Latino students (129 took AP CS A and 330 took AP CSP); only 370 exams were taken by Black students (112 took AP CS A and 258 took AP CSP); only 17 exams were taken by American Indian or Alaska Native students (9 took AP CS A and 8 took AP CSP); only 5 exams were taken by Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander students (1 took AP CS A and 4 took AP CSP).
- Only **117 schools** in NC (18% of NC schools with AP programs) offered an AP Computer Science course in 2017-2018 (10% offered AP CS A and 15% offered AP CSP), which is 22 more than the previous year. There are fewer AP exams taken in computer science than in any other STEM subject area.
- Universities in North Carolina did not graduate a single new teacher prepared to teach computer science in 2017.
- According to a representative survey from Google/Gallup, school administrators in NC support expanding computer science education opportunities: 69% of principals surveyed think CS is just as or more important than required core classes. And their biggest barrier to offering computer science is the lack of funds for hiring and training teachers.

What can you do to support K-12 CS education in North Carolina?



- · Nominate a teacher for professional learning: www.code.org/nominate
- Send a letter
 - To your school/district asking them to expand computer science offerings at every grade level: www.code.org/promote/letter
 - To your elected officials asking them to support computer science education policy in North Carolina: www.votervoice.net/Code/campaigns/58463/respond
- Find out if your school teaches computer science or submit information about your school's offerings at **www.code.org/yourschool**.
- Visit www.code.org/educate/3rdparty to find out about courses and curriculum from a variety of providers, including Code.org.

Who can you connect with locally to talk about K-12 CS education policy?

- You can reach Code.org's policy contact for your state, Amy Roberts, at amy.roberts@code.org.
- The Expanding Computing Education Pathways (ECEP) Alliance (www.ecepalliance.org), an NSF funded Broadening Participation in Computing Alliance, seeks to increase the number and diversity of students in computing and computing-intensive degrees by promoting state-level computer science education reform. ECEP supports 22 states and the territory of Puerto Rico to develop effective and replicable interventions to broaden participation in computing and to create state-level infrastructure to foster equitable computing education policies. You can reach your ECEP point of contact Deborah Seehorn at deborah.seehorn@outlook.com or Dave Frye at dafrye@ncsu.edu.

Code.org's impact in North Carolina

- In North Carolina, Code.org's curriculum is used in
 - 19% of elementary schools
 - 28% of middle schools
 - 14% of high schools
- There are 17,307 teacher accounts and 774,572 student accounts on Code.org in North Carolina.
- Of students in North Carolina using Code.org curriculum last school year,
 - 57% attend high needs schools
 - 43% are in rural schools
 - 43% are female students
 - 47% are underrepresented minority students (Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, American Indian, or Hawaiian)
- Code.org, its regional partner(s) The Friday Institute, and 15 facilitators have provided professional learning in North Carolina for
 - 2,881 teachers in CS Fundamentals (K-5)
 - 318 teachers in Exploring Computer Science or Computer Science Discoveries
 - 92 teachers in Computer Science Principles

"Computer Science is a liberal art: it's something that everybody should be exposed to and everyone should have a mastery of to some extent."

Steve lobs

What can your state do to improve computer science education?

States and local school districts need to adopt a broad policy framework to provide all students with access to computer science. The following nine recommendations are a menu of best practices that states can choose from to support and expand computer science. Not all states will be in a position to adopt all of the policies. Read more about these 9 policy ideas at https://code.org/files/Making_CS_Fundamental.pdf and see our rubric for describing state policies at http://bit.ly/9policiesrubric.

North Carolina has created a state plan for K-12 computer science.

North Carolina is in the process of developing K-12 computer science standards.

North Carolina has allocated funding for rigorous computer science professional development and course support.

North Carolina has clear certification pathways for computer science teachers.

North Carolina **has not yet** established programs at institutions of higher education to offer computer science to preservice teachers. The computer science teacher shortage can be addressed by exposing more preservice teachers to computer science during their required coursework or by creating specific pathways for computer science teachers.

North Carolina has a dedicated computer science position in the state education agency.

North Carolina **does not yet** require that all secondary schools offer computer science. The state can support the expansion of computer science courses by adopting policies that require schools to offer a computer science course based on rigorous standards, with appropriate implementation timelines and allowing for remote and/or in-person courses.

North Carolina allows computer science to count for a core graduation requirement. Find out how North Carolina allows computer science to count towards graduation at http://bit.ly/9policies.

North Carolina **does not yet** allow computer science to count as a core admission requirement at institutions of higher education. Admission policies that do not include rigorous computer science courses as meeting a core entrance requirement, such as in mathematics or science, discourage students from taking such courses in secondary education. State leaders can work with institutions of higher education to ensure credit and articulation policies align with secondary school graduation requirements.

Follow us!

Join our efforts to give every student in every school the opportunity to learn computer science. Learn more at **code.org**, or follow us on **Facebook** and **Twitter**.

Launched in 2013, Code.org® is a nonprofit dedicated to expanding access to computer science, and increasing participation by women and underrepresented students of color. Our vision is that every student in every school should have the opportunity to learn computer science.

Data is from the Conference Board for job demand, the Bureau of Labor Statistics for state salary and national job projections data, the College Board for AP exam data, the National Center for Education Statistics for university graduate data, the Gallup and Google research study Education

Trends in the State of Computer Science in U.S. K-12 Schools for parent demand, the 2018 Computer Science Access Report for schools that offer computer science, and Code.org for its own courses, professional learning programs, and participation data.